Target Market Determination

This Target Market Determination (TMD) is required under section 994B of the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth) (**the Act**). It sets out the class of consumers for whom the product, including its key attributes, would likely be consistent with their likely objectives, financial situation and needs. In addition, the TMD outlines the triggers to review the target market and certain other information. It forms part of Melbourne Securities Corporation Limited's and OurMoneyMarket Pty Ltd's design and distribution arrangements for the product.

This document is **not** a product disclosure statement and is **not** a summary of the product features or terms of the product. This document does not take into account any person's individual objectives, financial situation or needs. Persons interested in acquiring this product should carefully read the Product Disclosure Statement (**PDS**) for the Product before making a decision whether to buy this product.

Important terms used in this TMD are defined in the TMD Definitions which supplement this document. Capitalised terms have the meaning given to them in the product's PDS, unless otherwise defined. The PDS can be obtained by contacting client services on 1300 990 115 or on our website at https://ourmoneymarket.com/wp-content/uploads/2020/07/OurMoneyMarket-Investment-Trust-Product-Disclosure_compressed.pdf.

Target Market Summary

This product is likely to be appropriate for a consumer seeking regular income distributions through exposure to loan units that are directly linked to consumer loans to be used as a core component or satellite within a portfolio where the consumer has a short to medium term investment timeframe, medium to high risk/return profile and needs annually or longer access to capital.

Fund and Issuer identifiers

Issuer	Melbourne Securities Corporation Limited
Issuer ACN	160 326 545
Issuer AFSL	428289
Fund	OurMoneyMarket Investment Trust
ARSN	616 185 534

Manager	OurMoneyMarket Pty Ltd
Manager ACN	616 335 409
Date TMD approved	4 October 2021
TMD Version	1
TMD Status	Current

Description of Target Market

TMD indicator key

The Consumer Attributes for which the product is likely to be appropriate have been assessed using a red/amber/green rating methodology with appropriate colour coding:

In target market in totentially in target market in the considered in target mark	In target market	Potentially in target market	Not considered in target market
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Instructions

In the tables below, Column 1, Consumer Attributes, indicates a description of the likely objectives, financial situation and needs of the class of consumers that are considering this product. Column 2, TMD indicator, indicates whether a consumer meeting the attribute in column 1 is likely to be in the target market for this product.

Generally, a consumer is unlikely to be in the target market for the product if:

- one or more of their Consumer Attributes correspond to a red rating, or
- three or more of their Consumer Attributes correspond to an amber rating.

Investment products and diversification

A consumer (or class of consumer) may intend to hold a product as part of a diversified portfolio (typically with an intended product use of *satellite/small allocation* or *core component*). In such circumstances, the product should be assessed against the consumer's attributes for the relevant portfolio as a whole. For example, a consumer may seek to construct a conservative portfolio with a satellite/small allocation to growth assets. In this case, it may be likely that a product with a *High* or *Very High* risk/return profile is consistent with the consumer's objectives for that allocation notwithstanding that the risk/return profile of the consumer as a whole is *Low* or *Medium*. In making this assessment, distributors should consider all features of a product (including its key attributes).

	Product description including key attributes
R	The Trust offers investors the opportunity to invest in loan units that are directly linked to
G	consumer loans that offer a fixed income distribution until the maturity date of the underlying consumer loan(s).
R	When you invest in the Trust, members are credited with a foundation unit in the unit
G	Trust, holders of the foundation unit are able to invest funds into the Trust. The cost of the foundation unit is \$1 and is non-recoverable by the member; payment for the foundation unit is deferred until a member withdraws all of their funds from the Trust. When cash is invested into the Trust, it is directly allocated to cash units on behalf of t
	members subject to a minimum of \$50. Cash units are issued by the Trust via the Trustee and allocated at a rate of \$1 per cash unit. Cash units do not attract a rate of return. When members invest in loans, they are allocated one loan unit for every \$1 invested in a loan unit. Loan units provide members with access to the economic benefits of the underlying consumer loan linked to the loan unit.
(% of Investable Asse	ts)
R	The Trust is part of an online marketplace that provides member with the opportunity to
Α	gain direct access to an alternative fixed asset class, namely, personal loans.
G	A member is able to build a diversified portfolio of personal loan exposures with as little as \$50 in any single loan.
2	
G	Members are able to choose loans that best suit their investment horizon. The investment
G	timeframe for each loan is the loan maturity date, or the loan term.
R	
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Version 1.0 – released 5 October 2021

Consumer Attributes	TMD Indicator	Product description including key attributes
Consumer's Risk (ability to bear loss) and Return profile		
Low	G	All investment opportunities relate to fixed rate loans, meaning the notional annual rate of
Medium	G	return is known upfront and remains until the maturity date of each loan. This notional annual rate of return is however subject to late payments and/or partial or full loan
High	Α	defaults.
Very High	R	If a loan defaults on a scheduled repayment and you hold loan units corresponding to that loan, you will in turn not receive the payment due to you. The risk is fully borne by members. In this scenario, OurMoneyMarket will have sole discretion to decide what, if any, action is taken to recover funds. The product has a low to high risk return profile.
Consumer's need to withdraw mone	у	
Daily	R	Loan units are designed to be held to maturity. As loans make their scheduled repayment
Weekly	R	you will receive some of your capital investment back. This capital will be converted to cash units which may be withdrawn as and when available. The minimum amount for any
Monthly	R	withdrawal is \$50 or the balance of your total account if it is less.
Quarterly	R	
Annually or longer	G	

Appropriateness

Note: This section is required under RG 274.64-66.

The Issuer has assessed the product and formed the view that the product, including its key attributes, is likely to be consistent with the likely objectives, financial situation and needs of consumers in the target market as described above, as the features of this product in Column 3 of the table above are likely to be suitable for consumers with the attributes identified with a green TMD Indicator in Column 2.

Distribution conditions/restrictions

This part is required under section 994B(5)(c) of the Act.

Distribution Condition	Distribution Condition Rationale
There are no distribution conditions.	Not applicable.

Review triggers

This part is required under section 994B(5)(d) of the Act.

Material change to key attributes, fund investment objective and/or fees.

Material deviation from benchmark / objective over sustained period.

Key attributes have not performed as disclosed by a material degree and for a material period.

Determination by the issuer of an ASIC reportable Significant Dealing.

Material or unexpectedly high number of complaints (as defined in section 994A(1) of the Act) about the product or distribution of the product.

The use of Product Intervention Powers, regulator orders or directions that affects the product.

Mandatory review periods

This part is required under section 994B(5)(e) and (f) of the Act.

Review period	Maximum period for review
Initial review	1 year and 3 months
Subsequent review	1 year and 3 months

Distributor reporting requirements This part is required under section 994B(5)(g) and (h) of the Act.		
Reporting requirement	Reporting period	Which distributors this requirement applies to
Complaints (as defined in section 994A(1) of the Act) relating to the product design, product availability and distribution. The distributor should provide all the content of the complaint, having regard to privacy.	Within 10 business days following end of calendar quarter.	All distributors
Significant dealing outside of target market, under s994F(6) of the Act. See Definitions for further detail.	As soon as practicable but no later than 10 business days after distributor becomes aware of the significant dealing.	All distributors

To the extent a distributor is aware, dealings outside the target	Within 10 business days following end of calendar	All distributors
market, including reason why acquisition is outside of target	quarter.	
market, and whether acquisition occurred under personal		
advice.		

If practicable, distributors should adopt the FSC data standards for reports to the issuer. Distributors must report to OurMoneyMarket Pty Ltd using the method specified below:

- Via email to <u>info@ourmoneymarket.com</u>
- CSV format data in FSC data standard

<u>https://ourmoneymarket.com/contact/</u> - this link also provides contact details relating to this TMD for the OurMoneyMarket Pty Ltd. OurMoneyMarket Pty Ltd will be required to report to the Issuer using the quarterly compliance report or other method specified by the Issuer and should send reports to the Issuer by email to <u>trustee@msc.group</u> with the subject line 'DDO Reporting – OurMoneyMarket Investment Trust'.

This TMD is issued by Melbourne Securities Corporation Limited ACN 160 326 545 AFSL No. 428289 in its capacity as the responsible entity, trustee and issuer of the interests in the managed investment scheme referred to in this TMD. This TMD includes general information only and does not take into account your individual objectives, financial situation, needs or circumstances. Before making any investment decision, you should assess whether the material is appropriate for you and read the product disclosure statement for the product. The PDS can be obtained by contacting client services at OurMoneyMarket on 1300 990 115 or on its website at https://ourmoneymarket.com/wp-content/uploads/2020/07/OurMoneyMarket-Investment-Trust-Product-Disclosure_compressed.pdf.

To the extent permitted by law, no liability is accepted for any loss or damage as a result of any reliance on this information. <u>This TMD does not constitute a</u> financial product recommendation or an offer or solicitation with respect to the purchase or sale of the product in any jurisdiction. This TMD is not intended for distribution to, or use by, any person or entity in any jurisdiction or country where such distribution or use would be contrary to local law or regulation.

Definitions

Term	Definition
Consumer's investment objective	
Capital Growth	The consumer seeks to invest in a product designed to generate capital return. The consumer prefers exposure to growth assets (such as shares or property) or otherwise seeks an investment return above the current inflation rate.

Term	Definition
Capital Preservation	The consumer seeks to invest in a product to reduce volatility and minimise loss in a market down-turn. The consumer prefers exposure to defensive assets (such as cash or fixed income securities) that are generally lower in risk and less volatile than growth investments.
Capital Guaranteed	The consumer seeks a guarantee or protection against capital loss whilst still seeking the potential for capital growth (typically gained through a derivative arrangement). The consumer would likely understand the complexities, conditions and risks that are associated with such products.
Income Distribution	The consumer seeks to invest in a product designed to distribute regular and/or tax-effective income. The consumer prefers exposure to income-generating assets (typically, high dividend-yielding equities, fixed income securities and money market instruments).
Consumer's intended product u	se (% of Investable Assets)
Solution/Standalone (75-100%)	The consumer intends to hold the investment as either a part or the majority (up to 100%) of their total <i>investable assets</i> (see definition below). The consumer typically prefers exposure to a product with at least High <i>portfolio diversification</i> (see definitions below).
Core Component (25-75%)	The consumer intends to hold the investment as a major component, up to 75%, of their total <i>investable assets</i> (see definition below). The consumer typically prefers exposure to a product with at least Medium <i>portfolio diversification</i> (see definitions below).
Satellite (<25%)	The consumer intends to hold the investment as a smaller part of their total portfolio, as an indication it would be suitable for up to 25% of the total <i>investable assets</i> (see definition below). The consumer is likely to be comfortable with exposure to a product with Low <i>portfolio diversification</i> (see definitions below).
Investable Assets	Those assets that the investor has available for investment, excluding the residential home.
Portfolio diversification (for con	npleting the key product attribute section of consumer's intended product use)
Low	Single asset class, single country, low or moderate holdings of securities - e.g. high conviction Aussie equities.
Medium	1-2 asset classes, single country, broad exposure within asset class, e.g. Aussie equities "All Ords".
High	Highly diversified across either asset classes, countries or investment managers, e.g. Australian multi-manager balanced fund or global multi-asset product (or global equities).
Consumer's intended investmen	nt timeframe
Short (≤ 2 years)	The consumer has a short investment timeframe and may wish to redeem within two years.
Medium (> 2 years)	The consumer has a medium investment timeframe and is unlikely to redeem within two years.

Term	Definition
Long (> 8 years)	The consumer has a long investment timeframe and is unlikely to redeem within eight years.

Consumer's Risk (ability to bear loss) and Return profile

Issuers should undertake a comprehensive risk assessment for each product. The FSC recommends adoption of the Standard Risk Measure (*SRM*) to calculate the likely number of negative annual returns over a 20 year period, using the guidance and methodology outlined in the <u>Standard Risk Measure</u> <u>Guidance Paper For Trustees</u>. SRM is not a complete assessment of risk and potential loss. For example, it does not detail important issues such as the potential size of a negative return or that a positive return could still be less than a consumer requires to meet their investment objectives/needs. Issuers may wish to supplement the SRM methodology by also considering other risk factors. For example, some products may use leverage, derivatives or short selling, may have liquidity or withdrawal limitations, or otherwise may have a complex structure or increased investment risks, which should be documented together with the SRM to substantiate the product risk rating.

A consumer's desired product return profile would generally take into account the impact of fees, costs and taxes.

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Low	The consumer is conservative or low risk in nature, seeks to minimise potential losses (e.g. has the ability to bear up to 1 negative return over a 20 year period (SRM 1 to 2)) and is comfortable with a low target return profile.
	Consumer typically prefers defensive assets such as cash and fixed income.
Medium	The consumer is moderate or medium risk in nature, seeking to minimise potential losses (e.g. has the ability to bear up to 4 negative returns over a 20 year period (SRM 3 to 5)) and comfortable with a moderate target return profile.
	Consumer typically prefers a balance of growth assets such as shares, property and alternative assets and defensive assets such as cash and fixed income.
High	The consumer is higher risk in nature and can accept higher potential losses (e.g. has the ability to bear up to 6 negative returns over a 20 year period (SRM 6)) in order to target a higher target return profile.
	Consumer typically prefers predominantly growth assets such as shares, property and alternative assets with only a smaller or moderate holding in defensive assets such as cash and fixed income.
Very high	The consumer has a more aggressive or very high risk appetite, seeks to maximise returns and can accept higher potential losses (e.g. has the ability to bear 6 or more negative returns over a 20 year period (SRM 7) and possibly other risk factors, such as leverage).
	Consumer typically prefers growth assets such as shares, property and alternative assets.
Consumer's need to with	idraw money

Issuers should consider in the first instance the redemption request frequency under ordinary circumstances. However, the redemption request frequency is not the only consideration when determining the ability to meet the investor's requirement to access capital. To the extent that the liquidity of the underlying investments or possible liquidity constraints (e.g. ability to stagger or delay redemptions) could impact this, this is to be taken into consideration in completing this section.

Term	Definition
Daily/Weekly/Monthly/Quarterly/ Annually or longer	The consumer seeks to invest in a product which permits redemption requests at this frequency under ordinary circumstances and the issuer is typically able to meet that request within a reasonable period.
Distributor Reporting	
Significant dealings	Section 994F(6) of the Act requires distributors to notify the issuer if they become aware of a significant dealing in the product that is not consistent with the TMD. Neither the Act nor ASIC defines when a dealing is 'significant' and distributors have discretion to apply its ordinary meaning.
	The issuer will rely on notifications of significant dealings to monitor and review the product, this TMD, and its distribution strategy, and to meet its own obligation to report significant dealings to ASIC. Dealings outside this TMD may be significant because:
	 they represent a material proportion of the overall distribution conduct carried out by the distributor in relation to the product, or
	• they constitute an individual transaction which has resulted in, or will or is likely to result in, significant detriment to the consumer (or class of consumer).
	In each case, the distributor should have regard to:
	• the nature and risk profile of the product (which may be indicated by the product's risk rating or withdrawal timeframes),
	• the actual or potential harm to a consumer (which may be indicated by the value of the consumer's investment, their intended product use or their ability to bear loss), and
	• the nature and extent of the inconsistency of distribution with the TMD (which may be indicated by the number of red or amber ratings attributed to the consumer).
	Objectively, a distributor may consider a dealing (or group of dealings) outside the TMD to be significant if:
	• it constitutes more than half of the distributor's total retail product distribution conduct in relation to the product over the reporting period,
	 the consumer's intended product use is <i>Solution / Standalone</i>, or the consumer's intended product use is <i>Core component</i> and the consumer's risk (ability to bear loss) and return profile is <i>Low</i>.